

# WJEC (Eduqas) Chemistry A-level

## SP C3.3 - Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction

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### SP C3.3 - Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction

#### Aim

To prepare a **pure sample** of butan-1-ol from 1-bromobutane and sodium hydroxide.

#### **Apparatus and Chemicals**

- 100 cm<sup>3</sup> round bottom flask
- 100 cm<sup>3</sup> beaker
- 100 cm<sup>3</sup> conical flask
- 25 cm<sup>3</sup> measuring cylinder
- Reflux condenser
- Thermometer
- Specimen tube
- Labels/suitable pen
- Anti-bumping granules
- Heating mantle / Bunsen burner with water bath
- Clamp stand
- 0.1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> NaOH solution
- CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br (1-bromobutane)

#### **Safety Considerations**

- ★  $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2Br$  flammable, irritant
- ★ 0.1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> NaOH solution irritant



#### Method

- 1. Measure 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br using a measuring cylinder and decant to a round bottomed flask. This step should be performed in the **fume cupboard**.
- 2. Add 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> NaOH solution and a few **anti-bumping granules** into the **round bottom flask**. This step should be performed in the fume cupboard.
- 3. Swirl the flask gently to mix the reagents and set up the reflux condenser apparatus.
- 4. Turn on the water to run through the condenser.
- 5. Turn on the heating mantle (or heat the water bath with a Bunsen burner) and heat the solution to reflux for 15 minutes.
- 6. Rearrange the apparatus for **distillation** (diagram 2).
- 7. Distil off the  $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2OH$  produced. Collect in a clean, dry 100 cm<sup>3</sup> conical flask.

8. Record the temperature at which the liquid product is collected.



